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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/892,712	06/28/2001	Uwe Anthes	MERCK-1991 DI	5769
23599 7.	23599 7590 01/25/2005		EXAMINER	
•	HITE, ZELANO & B	VARGOT, M	MATHIEU D	
2200 CLARENDON BLVD: SUITE 1400			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
ARLINGTON,	VA 22201		1732	

DATE MAILED: 01/25/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Comment	09/892,712	ANTHES ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Mathieu D. Vargot	1732
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeared for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	e correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) of will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fructe, cause the application to become ABANDO	timely filed days will be considered timely. om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) Th 3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under 	nis action is non-final. rance except for formal matters, p	
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 31-52 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) 31-33,35-37,39-41 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 34,38 and 42-52 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	and 53-55 is/are withdrawn from	consideration.
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptable and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Bernard Theorem 11.	ccepted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applic iority documents have been rece au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ation No ived in this National Stage
Attachment(s)	🗖	
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0-Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 8) 5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:	

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1. Applicant continues to traverse the restriction requirement claiming that the product-by-process (PxP) claims are related to the process claims by combinationsubcombination. In answer to this, it has been the Examiner's understanding that a combination-subcombination restriction is proper when the inventions are of the same statutory class—ie, apparatus and apparatus, article and article, etc. In the instant case, the product-by-process (PxP) claims, although dependent on the method, are in fact product claims and are hence not of the same statutory class as the method/process claims. If in fact PxP and pure process claims were considered combination-subcombination, there could not be a restriction between these claims, and yet such restrictions are made regularly when pure product claims are also in the case. Applicant is requested to make of record on what authority PxP and process claims are considered to be related as combination/subcombination. Also, the response states that section 803.01 of the MPEP requires that when inventions are related in two ways. all applicable criteria for distinctness must be demonstrated. This cannot be found in the section of the MPEP noted and applicant is requested to point out where such is set forth in the MPEP.

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2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

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Claims 34, 38 and 42-52 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102 (e) as being anticipated by Dombrowski et al essentially for reasons of record.

3. Applicant's arguments filed October 29, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The reason why the inventions are not considered to be combination/subcombination is that to fall under this relationship, the inventions must be of the same statutory class. In the instant case, they are not, and hence are submitted to be improperly considered as combination/subcombination. As long as the product can be made by another process, then the restriction is valid. Also, in the instant case, the coated substrate will not be any different than that shown in the prior art, in that it is the organosilicon compound which is deposited. While the claims of the parent case were directed to a coating composition, applicant drafted those claims and included components in the claim which were not actually part of the material which would be deposited when the coating composition were to be used—in essence, the term composition in the parent case would have been more accurately termed "vehicle". However, the actual material which would be deposited does not appear to be any different and hence the optical substrate so coated is shown in the prior art. Having the support material for the coating electrically conductive might/did impart patentability to the coating vehicle (or composition containing the vehicle)—but would not necessarily impart patentability to the actual coated product. Hence, it is possible that the coating composition (as noted by applicant) would be allowable yet the product coated by the portion of the coating composition which is actually coated on the product to not be patentable. Also, it is not clear that the instant method claims were ever restricted in

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the parent case—in fact, these claims appear to be encompassed by claims that were already allowed.

4.**THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

5.Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mathieu D. Vargot whose telephone number is 571 272-1211. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri from 9 to 6.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Colaianni, can be reached on 571 272-1196. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

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Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

M. Vargot January 22, 2005 Mathieu D. Vargot Primary Examiner Art Unit 1732